OF THE JOURNAL

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SOCIETY MEETINGS. A. A. O. N. M. S.-Nobles attend: Stated meeting of Murat Temple this (Friday) evening at 7:45 o'clock for business. BRUSH, Potentate. SMITH, Recorder.

LOST. LOST-Fowler's Hair Store. New Goods.

WANTED-MALE HELP. WANTED-Traveling salesmen for cigars. Old reliable house. Experience unnecessary. Ex-tra inducements to customers. \$75 to \$150 per

WANTED—An idea. Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WED-DENBURN & CO., patent attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1,500 prize offer and list of inventions wanted.

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WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS. ness; big pay. Address Lock Box U, Elwood,

WANTED-A family of a professor, wife and child, want to board in a private Christian family; two furnished rooms, furnace-heated; board. What terms per month? Address B. C., care Journal.

FINANCIAL.

LOANS-Money on mortgages. C. F. SAYLES.

75 East Market street. TO LOAN-A large sum; amounts to suit; com on and expenses lowest. No gold clause NEWTON TODD, 6 Ingalls Block.

MONEY-To loan on Indiana farms. Lowest rates, with partial payments. Address C. N. WILLIAMS & CO., Crawfordsville, Ind. LOANS-Sums of \$500 and over. C. E. COFFIN & CO., 90 East Market street.

FINANCIAL—Money to loan in sums of \$100, \$200, \$300, \$500 or \$5,000, without delay. Pay back at any time after six months. C. W. GOR-BUCH, 305 Indiana Trust Bullding. MONEY-To loan on Indiana farms. market rate, privileges for payment before due. We also buy municipal bonds. THOS. C. DAY & CO., Rooms 325-330, third floor Lemcke Building, Indianapolis.

NOTICE. 

1873-ESTABLISHED-1873. GEORGE J. HAMMEL,

110 AND 112 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE.

CLAIRVOYANT. CLAIRVOYANT-Mrs. T. Griswold, the great

clairvoyant and paimist, tells you every hope, ear and ambition of life; everything revealed; rives advice on business, love and marriage. gives advice on business, love Office and residence, 236 East South street. FOR SALE.

SALE—Campaign portraits; large size william Mckinley, 20x26, 5 cents a cop for 26 cents. Special price on larger quantities INDIANAPOLIS LITHOGRAPH COMPANY, 9

FOR SALE - Furniture business, established twelve years, or will rent building, centrally lo ated in the furniture district; first-class location Address E. SHUMAN, Fort Wayne, Ind.

BUSINESS CHANCE.

BUSINESS CHANCE-\$500 purchases one-hall interest in established business; no other like in United States; sickness the reason for seiling an draw \$50 weekly. CANTNER, 500 Lemcke

FOR SALE-REAL ESTATE. FOR SALE-Good improved farm, 320 acres, Ottawa county, Kansas, Will exchange for dry goods, groceries or hardware, Price, \$4,800, D S. PORTER, Elwood, ind.

EDUCATIONAL. EDUCATIONAL-Private instruction in Latin given at 768 North Pennsylvania street. Call after 3 p. m.

STORAGE.

STORAGE.

STORAGE.

STORAGE.

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PERSONAL. i.- Miss Mason, massage and magnetic treatment, Room 27 Hendricks Block.

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO &

ST. LOUIS RAILWAY COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of thi

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company, for the election of directors and for such other business as may come before tomeeting, will be held at the office of the company, corner of Third and Smith streets, in Cincinnati, O., on Wednesday, Oct. 28, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. The stock transfer books will be closed at the office of Meesro. J. P. Morgan & Co., No. 23 Wall street, New York, at 3 o'clock p. m., Monday, Oct. 5, 1896, and reopen at 10 o'clock a. m., Thursday, Oct. 29, 1896.

E. F. OSBORN, Secretary, Cincinnati, Sept. 10, 1896.

## BALLOTS ALL PRINTED.

Eighty Counties Have Already Received Their Packages.

The printing of the State ballots was fin-

ished yesterday and a large number of them are already in the hands of county clerks throughout the State. The whole south end of the Statehouse corridor has been given over during the last week to the work of counting, sealing and packing the ballots by a force of forty men, under the direction of Thomas Carter, clerk of the Election Board. These men have been working night and day in three shifts of eight hours each, and the ballots have been packed into bundles for each precinct, and then arranged by counties, ready for delivery as fast as they have been furnished by the State printer. So thorough has been the system that the force has kept right along with the presses, and the work of counting and packing was finished in a short time after the last ballots left the press. The only remaining work is that of delivery of the remaining ballots to the accredited messengers from the various counties. The law requires that the ballots shall be in the hands of the county clerk ten days before the election. Eighty counties had been supplied up to last even-ing, but one of these packages—that for St. Ing, but one of these packages—that for St. Joseph county—will come back to-day for recounting. The remaining twelve counties will go out to-day and to-morrow. If not called for by to-morrow evening, the packages will be sent by special messenger at the expense of the tardy counties, and as this is rather expensive business, they will without doubt be called for.

## HEAVY EXPORT TRAFFIC

BALTIMORE AGAIN IN THE LEAD IN THIS CLASS OF BUSINESS.

Movements of the Pennsylvania Company Inspection Party-Improvements in Motive Power.

While many of the business men of Baltimore greatly deplored the fact that the Baltimore & Ohio was placed in the hands of the courts, the action has proven beneficial in some respects to that city as an export point, as it has resulted in the appointment of a receiver who ranks among the most capable railroad men of the country. Baltimore's exports of corn are larger than those of any other port of the United States, and are excelled only by those of New York and San Francisco in the extent of its wheat exports. The figures are interesting. In the present year, up to Qctober, the exports of corn were 88,009,380 bushels, as against 35,680,602 bushels in the same period of last year-an increase of over 52,000,000 bushels. Of this increased business Baltimore got 12,000,000 bushels; Philadelphia, 4,000,000; Norfolk and Portsmouth, 7,000,000; Newport News, 3,700,000, and New York, 1,000,000. New York has fallen from the first place, which it occupied in former years. The exports of corn in the nine months from Baitimore were 17,241,516 bushels; from New Orleans, 17,020,334; from New York, 13,946,501; from Boston, 6,552,285; from Newport News, 7,332,446; from Norfolk and Portsmouth, 9,369,754; from Philadelphia, 5,905,561; from

Larger Locomotives. Notwithstanding the great improvement the Pennsylvania people have made in the last fifteen years in the motive power the officials of that department are not yet satisfied with what has been accomplished. Chief of Motive Power Ely, in a recent communication, discusses at length the modern locomotive, and particularly the recent types introduced on the Pennsylvania railroad and its principal connections, and he is not slow or backward about pointing out the radical weakness which can't be remedied. He admits that the Beilpaire boiler is not the best for steam, but points to its superior strength. giving it a desideratum which more than ounteracts its new defects, and he says that the boiler which is to replace the Beilcaire on the Pentsylvania has not yet been invented. As the cars, the trains and the traffic are increasing on a nearly equal ratio, and the increase is phenomenany rapid, the weight of trains constantly ex-ceeds the capacity of the engines and the greater necessity for economic operation idds to the perplexing problem that confronts the motive power officials. ennsy vania will continue, therefore, to experiment with new designs, and vithin the dimensions to which they are now re-scricted by tunnels and bridges they will keep on adding to the weight and strength of the locomotives till the power and speed necessary to meet present and future re-quirements is accomplished in the development of a great machine which will dwarf the giants now in use.

New Traffic Association. The executive officers of the Western roads have practically completed their work in organizing a successor to the old Western Freight Association, and it is reasonably certain that the rates will be advanced on Nov. 2 as planned and that they will be maintained thereafter. The plan of the new organization is modeled after that of the Southwestern (Traffic Association and two boards will constitute its governing powers. One of these boards, which will be known as the executive board, will consist of the presidents of the different roads and it will have the final jurisdiction on all questions of disputed authority. The second board will be a board of adminis tration and will have charge of rates, di-vision of traffic and all like matters. With this board the commissioner of the association will act in an advisory capacity and he will preside at all meetings of the association. Each road will be compelled to deposit sufficient money to cover all fines that may be levied against it for infractions of the agreement. Rates once fixed by the board of administration connot be changed by any one road, except on the vote of its board of directors and then the directors will be compelled to give thirty days' notice to the board of administration. The agreement covers freight matters only and there doubt that Chairman Midgley, of the old Western Freight Association, will be the commissioner of the new organiza-

Personal, Local and General Notes. The Baltimore & Ohio management is enlarging the capacity of its elevator at Sandusky

President Fish and several directors of the Illinois Central are this week on an inspection trip over the entire system. C. Kadono, formerly with the engineering department of the Pennsylvania railroad, has accepted the position of engineer of construction of the Sanyo railroad, of Ja-

Chairman Caldwell, of the Western Pas-senger Association, has gone to New York to attend a meeting of the advisory committee of the Immigrant Clearing House Association. The fast freight service of the Big Four has proven so much of a success that the

transportation department has decided to put on two more trains, east bound, on a similar time schedule. The Lake Erie & Western has a large force at work in its shops equipping its freight cars with air brakes and automatic

couplers to conform to the law, which becomes effective Jan. 1. \*W. E. Fenner, who for many years has represented the Wagner Palace Car Company at the New York Central Station, has resigned to accept the secretaryship

of the Young Men's Christian Association The Pullman company will this week turn out the Pullman vestibule cars from its shops which the Wabash, in connection with the Santa Fe, is to run, commencing with Nov. 4, between St. Louis and Los Angeles. The government of Japan has given the

Pittsburg locomotive works orders to build five more engines of the same type of those recently shipped from these works. They are built from designs sent by Japanese ngineers. W. H. Putnam, of New York, one of the

largest holders of securities of the Columbus, Sandusky & Hocking, accompanied by his secretary.-L. W. Neereamer, yesterday passed through the city en route to the Pacific coast.

William Gibson, recently appointed assistant general manager of the Baltimore & Ohlo, on Wednesday returned to Cincin-nati to remove his family to Baltimore, and his friends on Wednesday night gave him a banquet.

Dr. J. H. Talbott, medical examiner of the Indianapolis divisions of the Pennsylvanta ilnes, who has been absent for two weeks, will return to-day, and Dr. A. Tucker, who has been acting in his stead will return to Logansport, his headquar-According to tables prepared by the Fi-

American rai roads, comprising a mileage of 92.331 miles, from Jan. 1 to Sept. 30, 1898, aggregated \$342.322.866, as compared with 4327.422.140 for the corresponding period of 1895, a net increase of \$14,900,726. Pearson & Wetzel yesterday sold the wreckage from the late fire to the Western Salvage. Wrecking Agency, of Chleago. There will be about seventy-five car onds of freight to be shipped to Chicago, and he freight men of the Chicago lines were yesterday making a lively fight to secure

the business. The second week in October the Wabash shows a decrease on gross earnings, as compared with the corresponding week last year, of \$46,420; the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, a decrease of \$6,800; the Baltimore & Ohio Southwesmtern, a decrease of \$19,512; the Peoria, Decatur & Evansville, a decrease of \$2,013. rease of \$2,016.

Leslie's current number contains a cut and description of the locomotive which was run through the city at the late Republican parade on the track of the Indianapolis Citizens' electric lines. The particulars of its conception, construction and the manner it was run are given more fully than local papers gave them.

President Fink, of the Norfolk & Western, demes the report that the road has withdrawn from the Southern States Traffic Association. All that has been done was to notify the chairman of the association that the company would not assume the contract of membership made by the late receivers of the company.

the colored men are experts in driving spikes, and Assistant Chief Engineer Morris challenges any road to produce two men who will drive as many spikes per

hour as will the two alluded to H. C. Townsend, general passenger agent of the Missouri Pacific, and several of his traveling passenger agents—Coke Alexan-der being one of them—is this week going the lines and visiting terminals on official business. He takes these trips with subordinate officials twice a year, and has found them to be profitable in many ways. R. F. Soule, station master of the Toledo & Ohio Central at Columbus, has been ap-pointed passenger conductor on the road in place of F. A. Webber, the Sevenin-day Adventist, who refused to run his train on Saturdays. Mr. Soule's place as station master has been filled by Robert Clark. formerly a passenger conductor on the Michigan Central.

Foreclosure proceedings have been be gun by the ho ders of the consolidated mortgage bonds of the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago, and in the natural course of events these bondholders would take the property. Still, an Eastern financial paper says there are some indications that the road will fall into the hands of a syndicate whose personnel is as yet unknown.

On both sides of the Ohio river, in West Virginia and Ohio, immense crops of apples have been harvested, and in West Vir-ginia alone along the river banks are 100,000 arrels of apples to be shipped. It is stated that should the river continue as low as now the shipments will have to be made by rail, which will give the Panhandle and Chesapeake & Ohio plenty of freight. One of the shrewdest things which has been done since R. B. F. Peirce became re-ceiver of the To'edo, St. Louis & Kansas was encouraging parties along the line who had allowed their elevators to become almost useless to repair them or build new ones. With the immense grain crops on the line this season the elevators been valuable adjuncts to the business of the road.

R. B. Jones, general agent of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific freight department, is in the city. He states that the general grain movement on their lines is the largest of any fall since 1892. The company has been short of cars for two weeks or more, and is now loading an average of five hundred cars with grain daily. Present indi-cations are that this rush of business will continue for some weeks.

A. Gallow vy, superinterdent of the Cin-

Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton lines, has issued a circular to the effect that the jurisdiction of C. E. Vorhis trainmaster of the Cincinnati division, has been extended to cover the Indianapolis division, and the jurisdiction of Chief Train Dispatcher Hoffman, of the Indianapolis division, has been extended to cover the Cincinnati division. The Pennsylvania inspection party yesterday made the run from Louisville to Logansport. To-day they will inspect the line from Logansport to Cincinnati. The party travels on three special trains, each one running an observation car with open end ahead of the locomotive. That the track inspection may be thorough, the the es speed of the train is not over twenty miles stock. an hour. It is estimated that the expenses of the trip will be \$3,000, or about \$600 a day. Unless there is a decline in the price of grain railroad men express the opinion hat the advance in grain rates, to be made effective Nov. 2, will be willingly conceded by the shippers. Usually with the closing of navigation the rail lines advance rates. As the lines carrying grain via Galveston

# DEATH OF WILLARD NICHOLS.

at those ports, the export business by the

Southern ports does not cut as important

a figure as it did sixty or even thirty days

He Was One of the Oldest Newspaper

Men in the City. Willard Nichols died yesterday morning at his residence, 277 North Delaware street, at the age of eighty-two years. An apoplectic stroke was the immediate cause of death, though the infirmities of age had much to do with it. For a year past he had been almost constantly confined to his home, and during the last three months his condition had been considered serious. Wednesday all the members of the family except Mr. Nichols attended the funeral of Benjamin F. Foster, who was a brotherin-law of Mrs. Nichols. During their absence Mr. Nichols suffered an apoplectic stroke. He was greatly improved before evening, however, but again during the night he lapsed into unconsciousness, and died at 4:30 o'clock.

Mr. Nichols was one of the oldest newspaper and literary men in this city, having been connected with nearly all the dailies and with a number of periodicals published in the city since 1859, when he came here. He was born in Homer, Cortland county, New York, Feb. 18, 1814. He learned the printer's trade, and drifted West, finding himself at Louisville in 1836. He worked or the Louisville Journal, and after a short time went to St. Louis, where he was employed upon a literary paper owned by Major Wetmore, and afterward started a paper of his own. He did not remain in St. Louis long. He went to Madison, Ind., and from there to Cincinnati, where he did newspaper work during the campaign of 1840. He remained in Cincinnati for about twelve years, and then went East again, working on the Phi adelphia Register for a while, and then buying the Hunterdon

(N. J.) Gazette, which he ran for four years. Mr. Nichols was back in Cincinnati again and at work upon the Commercial in 1856, and from there he went to Xenia, where he assisted Whitelaw Reid on a newspaper during the campaign of that year. He came to Indianapolis in 1859, and with the exception of one year which he spent in Dayton, resided here ever since. His first newspaper work in this city was on the Atias, a paper owned by John D. Defrees. He served in the editorial department of the Commercial, the Evening Journal, the Daily Journal, the Mirror and Saturday Herald. He was actively engaged in some capacity of the newspaper business unti-about five years ago. His last work was as a proof-reader in the establishment of W. B. Burford. He was well known for a number of years under the nom de plume "Octogenarian," which he assumed almost twenty years before his age justified the title. In his work he was intimately associated with William B. Vickers, George C. Harding, Ben D. House, Berry Sulgrove

Mr. Nichols married during his residence Louisville. His wife was Rebecca Reed, who was regarded, at the time of he marriage, as one of the most promising poets in the West. She was known through out the country for her contributions to the Louisville and Cincinnati papers. During Mr. Nichols's career as a news-paper man she was a great aid to him. At imes when political matters engrossed his whole attention, when he was managing a paper, she would look after the literary department, act as editor and take gen-eral charge of affairs. She survives her Two children also survive, lard C. Nichols, deputy clerk of the United States Courts, and Mrs. Isabelle Adams. The funeral will be held at z o afternoon from the residence, and will be private. The service will be conducted by the Rev. G. A. Carstensen. Burial will be

#### at Crown Hill. THE NEW BANK BUILDING. Indiana National Will Occupy It

Work on the new Indiana National Bank

About Jan. 1.

Building is progressing rapidity, but it will probably be several weeks before it is completed. V. T. Malott, president of the bank, said yesterday that he thought the bank would be in its new quarters by the first of the year. Some idea of what the interior of the

bank will be like can now be had. From the outside the bank has the appearance of being a two-story building, while in fact it is but one story. An interior balcony is to extend around the entire front and west sides, giving access to the upper windows and forming a promenade way for visitors, but, with the exception of two private rooms over the main entrance and the auno rooms above the ground floor. The handsome circular skylight is already in, but the work of frescoing the ceiling has not commenced. Part of the mark not commenced. Part of the marble work is done, but no part of the floor mosiac work is down. The big private vaults for the bank are partially completed, but nothing more than the brick work for the safety-deposit vaults is in place. The interior fittings of the safety-deposit vaults alone are to cost \$30,000. All the counters are to of fine marble,

The sculptor is busily at work on the life-size group over the main entrance way, and hopes to have the work finished before cold weather. Already the graceful por-tions of the figures can be observed from the street.

DEBTORS WANT EVANSVILLE TO PAY ITS DEFAULTED BONDS.

Federal Court Asked for Writ of Mandamus-Kansas Bank Failure Suit-The Federal Docket.

In the federal court yesterday William

zens of the State of Maine, filed their petition for writ of mandamus to compel the city of Evansville to levy a special tax to raise money to satisfy judgments rendered against the city in favor of the relators. The relators, Woodbury & Moulton, were awarded a judgment in September against the city for \$2,933.70. William S. Dennett received two judgments, one in May for \$16,000.26 and one in September for \$3,840.95. The judgments were rendered on bonds and

#### damus proceedings are brought. AGAINST THE CULBERTSONS. Suit Growing Out of the Failure of

a Kansas Bank.

on hand for the payment of the judgments,

and it is for this reason that the man-

Suit was begun in the United States District Court yesterday against Rebecca K. and Samuel A. Culbertson, the only heirs of the late William S. Cuibertson, of New Albany, who are residents of Indiana. The suit is brought by Nels P. and Victor E. Johnson, doing business as a firm under the name of the Bank of Randolph (Kan.) The complaint sets forth that the late W. S. Culbertson was the owner of 100 shares of stock in the United States Savings Bank of Topeka, Kan., of the par value of \$10,-000; that the will of W. S. Culbertson made no reference to this stock; that the United States Savings Bank was organized and did business under the constitutional provision and statutes of Kansas, providing that owners of bank stocks should be liable to creditors for a sum in addition to the stock equal in amount to the par value of the stock; that the United States Savings Bank suspended Sept. 19, 1891, and is wholly insolvent; that the United States Savings Bank was indebted to plaintiffs and that a judgment for \$1,025 was rendered on the ciaim. The plaintiffs now seek to collect the judgment to the extent of \$10,000 from the estate of the holder of that amount of

Cases Set in Federal Court. The following cases have been set for trial in the United States Circuit Court: Nov. 10-Elbert W. Shirk vs. The City of Lafayette, Marcus H. Darrow vs. The H. R. Horne Produce Company, Edward Hawkins (receiver) vs. The Citizens' State Bank of New Castle. and New Orleans have all they can handle Nov. 11-John B. Murphy vs. Bernard S.

Company. Nov. 12-Thomas C. Sprague vs. Augustus C. Mills, David D. Fickle (receiver) vs. The | sonal knowledge. Juarantors of Pennsylvania. Nov. 13-Stanley W. Edwins vs. The Lake School of Nursing, gave the most important Western Railroad Company, Ed-

Nov. 14-Hosea B. Tullis vs. The Lake The following petit jury was drawn for

W. Patterson, Muncie; Frank Pogue, Graysville; Florin Pugh, West Lebanon; J. A. Rish, Indianapolis, George Schultz, Bra-zil; W. Stultz, Engletown; Riley Suites, Wiles; Ward Walkup, New Ross, and Geo.

Married Scarcely Three Months. Nellie Sherman vesterday asked for a divorce from Isaac E. Sherman. Her allegations of causes for a separation are numerous and fully sufficient on the face of the complaint. They were married Aug. 1, 1896. Fifteen days later, she says, her husband choked her and beat her and called her many vile names, threatening to choke the life out of her. Several times he drew his razor and threatened to kill her, but the worst act, she alleges, was on Sept. 15, when he held her and attempted to cut her throat. In her struggles to free herself and save her life she caught the blade of his knife in her hands. He jerked the knife away and cut all her fingers, the scars being still plainly visible.

Cora Updyke asked to be divorced from Samuel D. Updyke on the grounds of cruel treatment and failure to provide. She says her husband's abuse of her has been so constant that she cannot enumerate sp

Two Years for Cow Stealing. Judge McCray yesterday sentenced Henry

Morris J. Quinlan asked to be divorced

from Minnie Quinlan. They were married in 1893 and in 1894 his wife deserted him

Fredendall to two years in the penitentiary for stealing two cows in West Indianapolis. Emil Mechany, the man who was with Fredendall, and who claimed to have been innocent of any knowledge of the theft, was also found gulity, but judgment was withheld, and he was released on his own Henry Peters, who was charged with assault and battery with intent to kill, was found gui ty, and the case was taken under advisement. Peters had an argument with Gilbert Wilkinson on the might of Oct. 1, and finally shot at Wilkinson. He claimed that he did not shoot until Wilkinson had drawn a knife and was about to use it.

Dickson & Talbott Win. In the case of James Bradley against Dickson & Talbott, for damages, judgment was yesterday given for the defendant. Bradbury sued for damages on account of an alleged failure of Dickson & Taibott to carry out an agreement to rent him the Grand Opera House. It was shown by the evidence that Dickson & Talbott had merely given Bradbury some open dates, and that he had taked of accepting one of them, but that he had not entered into a

#### THE COURT RECORD. Supreme Court.

writing.

17584. Curtis vs. City of Lebanon. Boone C. C. Affirmed. Howard, J.—This case is lecided upon the authority of A.ley vs. the appelee, decided at this term of court.

1/846. Mill Company vs. Chambers. C ay,
C. C. Affirmed. Monks, C. J.-1. Unless
the record of a judgment rendered by a justice of the peace shows affirmatively that
jurisdiction was acquired the same is void. 2. A partner by his general power to act as agent of the firm, has no authority to confess judgment against his partners Boot and Shoe Company vs. Tem-Decatur, C. C. Dismissed. Jordan, J.-Unless the appellant within sixty days after a cause is submitted shall file a brief or the appellee shall have filed with the clerk a written request that the cause passed upon by the court, the appeal will be dismissed.

Appellate Court. 1768. Engine Company vs. Manufacturing Company. DeKa b. C. C. Reversed. Gav-in, J.-1. Section 8120, R. S. 1894 applies only where some interest in the patent is transferred, and not to a mere deense for the benefits derived therefrom. 2. When a note payable in bank and was "given for a atent," but the latter does not appear from the face of the instrument it will be va id in the hands of an innocent holder, here has been a compliance with Section 642, R. S. 1894, and Rule 29 of this court, or unless there is sufficient evidence in the record to affirmatively show that the intructions given were wrong or those reposed case which might have been made the recent hurricane.

2107. L. I. & I. R. R. Co. vs. Masterson. Stark, C. C. Affirmed. Davis, C. J.—Where a railroad company allows passengers to be carried in the caboose to its freight train, The Big Four gives employment to fiftythree section men at Indianapolis, and of
the number eighteen are colored. Two of stain coftee makes red blood and health.

The street.

It will be fiable to the passenger for the damage done by the negligent handling of the train to so suddenly ston as to throw the passenger to the reliable, easy to take, easy to operate

DEMAND A SPECIAL TAX floor while she was in the act of getting a drink of water for her children 2058. Shobe vs. Brinson. Montgomery, C. C. Transferred to Appellate Court.

Superior Court. Room 1-John L. McMaster, Judge. Alabama-street Building and Loan Assoclation vs. Mary Norman; foreclosure, Judgment for plaintiff vs. defendant for \$241 and costs.

Room 2-Lawson M. Harvey, Judge. Wm. V. Rooker vs. J. D. Coppersmith t al.: legal services. Jury returns verdict for plaintiff for \$12.05. Emma Tyler vs. Citizens' Street-railway Company; damages. Judgment vs. defend-Charles M. Tyler vs. Citizens' Street-railad Company; damages. Judgment vs. de-S. Bennett and Woodbury & Moulton, citi-

fendant for 1 cent and costs. Room 3-Pliny W. Bartholomew, Judge. Minnie E. Barrett vs. James L. Barrett; divorce. Decree granted plaintiff. J. A. L. Dupagmer vs. Prudential Insur-

Frank McCray, Judge. State vs. Henry Frudendale; grand lar-Trial by jury. Finding guilty. Two years in penitentiary. State vs. Emil Mechany; grand larceny. Tried by court. Finding guilty, Judgment withheld and released on personal recoginterest which the city defaulted. The city nizance. has set up the claim that it has no funds State vs. Elmer Robinson; burglary and grand larceny. Released on his own recog-

nizance.

Criminal Court.

tery with intent to kill. Guilty. Taken under advisement. New Suits Filed. Nellie Sherman vs. Isaac Sherman; di-Christian Schrader vs. Mary E. Landers t al.; foreclosure. Room 2. Morris J. Quinlan vs. Minnie Quinlan; dirorce. Room 2. Cora Updyke vs. Samuel D. Updyke; di-

# DR. NICHOLS IS LACKING

TESTIMONY IN THE CITY HOSPITAL INVESTIGATION.

Evidence of Miss Wickes-She Talks of His Conduct with One of Training School Nurses.

It is said that nothing startling developed yesterday at the continuation of the investigation of affairs at the City Hospital being conducted by the State Board of Charities. At the adjournment yesterday further investigation was postponed until this afternoon. Last night Dr. Mary Spink said that she thought the investigation probably may be completed to-day. If necessary the investigation committee will examine witnesses to-night.

Dr. Spink says that the evidence introduced yesterday was largely of a hearsay O'Connor, William A. Schwartz (administrator) vs. Lake Erie & Western Railroad stories that had come to their ears, but none of them seemed to have much per-

Miss Wickes, principal of the Indiana Erie & Western Railroad Company, Ed-ward Hawkins (receiver) vs. Joseph S. testimony. She said that Superintendent Nichols paid a good deal of attention to one of the nurses, often going into the Erie & Western Raffroad Company, John R. East vs. Edward Worthington, William ward to talk to her and interfering with R. Stevens vs. The Diamond Plate Glass her duties. Finding remonstrances useless. Miss Wickes said that she spoke to Dr. United States Circuit Court for the trial of civil causes, beginning Nov. 10: Dora Abercromble, Rushvine; P. B. Anderson, Talbott; Lawrence Athey, Reelsville; C. C. Leesburg; J. D. Chambers, Williams-Henry Dillman, Twelve Mile; W. D. Kokomo; Abel Ewing, Greens-Max Gordan, Gordan; D. N. burg; Max Gordan, Gordan; D. N. Half. When questioned about alleged cru-Hay, Kingsburg; Harlow Jones, Terre Haute; J. S. Leech, Sullivan; John Norman, Holtonsville; John R. Page, Anderson; Thomas Painter, Monrovia; P. spanking did no good. Testifying as to Dr. Nichols's alleged lack of executive ability, Miss Wickes said that he failed to give proper orders for regulating diet, allowed patients to leave the hospital without proper permits, tolerated the use of tobacco and

did not suppress profanity. Mrs. Naughton, the matron of the hospital, said that Miss Wickes had hospital blankets cut up to make bath robes, alough a supply of flannel had been furnished by Superintendent Nichols.

The Board of Health yesterday had notices posted in the wards of the hospital announcing that all nurses who desire to remain at the City Hospital under the man agement of the new training school would be allowed to do so, providing they make their intentions known to the superintendent at once. Other witnesses testified as trivial clashes between the nurses and

New Sweeping Specifications. The Board of Public Works has adopted two separate sets of specifications for the cleaning and sweeping of improved streets, from Dec. 31, 1896, to Dec. 31, 1897. One set of specifications is a practical return to the specifications in force under the Denny administration. In both lists the city is divided into five districts, district No. 1 embracing the business portion and the other four being described by the principal cases. They were married in 1852 and have divided into five districts, district No. 1 avenues. Contracts for the whole work, or for any one district, may be bid for. It is simply specified that the streets shall be kept "clean." Just what that is to signify is not disclosed by the specifications. Bids will be received by the board on both sets of specifications. The number of sweepings a week is to range from twice on quented streets to five times on those that are much used. City Attorney Curtis holds that Council-

man Madden's resolution, providing that street cleaning shall be under the supervision of the street commissioner is practicable, as the charter provides the work must be let by contract Council Finance Committee. The council finance committee will meetnext Monday night to consider ordinances

# WILL PROBABLY ACCEPT.

that were introduced at the last meeting

of the Council.

Tabernacle Church Committee's Letter from Rev. Mr. Coyle.

The pulpit committee of the Tabernacle Church yesterday received a letter from Rev. Mr. Coyle, of California, whom it has invited to take charge of the Tabercontract for it, which, according to the cus- nacie pulpit. Mr. Coyle made inquiries contom of Dickson & Talbott, had to be in cerning the church debt, the size of the congregation and whether he would be permitted to take a vacation of six weeks each year. From these inquiries it was believed hat Mr. Coyle will accept the call to the ndianapolis church. The committee wired im that he would not only receive a vacation of six weeks each year, but that the church would pay \$400 towards the expense of moving his family here from his dis-tant home in California.

## THE HORSE WAS KILLED.

Miss Florence Haywood Escapes Injury in a Collision.

There was considerable anxiety last night in the neighborhood of College avenue and Twelfth street over the absence of Miss Florence Haywood. She had gone driving, taking the family horse, and at 8 o'clock had not returned. When it was learned that shortly before 6 o'clock her horse had run away at Meridian and Georgia streets and killed itself by a collision with a telegraph pole, the anxiety was greatly increased. Later she returned home accompanied by friends, having enurely escaped injury.

## Return of a Missionary.

2285. Geiger vs. Huenneke. Ripley, C. C. Affirmed. Reinhard, J.—No question can be made upon the correctness of instructions given or refused unless either the endispatch from New York announcing the tire evidence is contained in the record, or R. Miles, who has been a missionary in the United States of Colombia for the past eight years. Mr. Miles was stationed at Bogota, and was ordered home on account of the poor health of his wife. fused proper, or unless the instructions dence is Southport. Some anxiety was felt given are so wrong as not to apply to any for his safety because his steamer was in

> The way to cure catarrh is to purify the blood, and the surest, safest, best way to purify the blood is by taking Hood's Sarsa-Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient, always

## MOUNT'S LABOR RECORD

A TRIBUTE TO HIS WORK WHILE HE WAS IN THE SENATE.

The Blue Book Shows the Confidence Organized Labor Had in the Man Who Is Now a Candidate.

A couple of weeks ago some of the more desperate of the Popperatic organs had the temerity to attack Senator Mount upon his record of labor legislation. They made the simple assertion that while a member of the State Senate he had been opposed to ance Company of America. Johnston, J. P. Finding and judgment for defendant. the interests of organized labor without offering any proof or mentioning any specific cases in which this opposition had been shown. As every one who watched the interests of organized labor in the Legislature of 1891 knows Mr. Mount while induiging in no demagogy nor making any great noise about his friendship to the interests of labor, was one of the most active and effective supporters of the legislation asked for by the State Federation's legislative State vs. Henry Peters; assault and batcommittee. His record is plainly set forth in the blue book compiled by this committee for use in the campaign of 1892. When the attacks were made Mr. Mount wrote to Frank B. Alley, who was secretary of the labor legislative committee and editor of the blue book, asking him for his recollection on the subject. Mr. Alley replied in the-tollowing letter:

"Hou. J. A. Mount, Dear Sir-In answer to your letter of recent date calling my attention to attacks upon your attitude toward labor bills before the Indiana Legislature in 1891, I will state, as secretary of that labor committee, you were always found on the right side, with one exception, when there was considerable misun-derstanding by the unions relative to the Foley arbitration bill, some unions favoring it and others opposed. But later or this committee being so impressed with your interest in our measures, requested the President of the Senate to appoint you on the committee of conference, into whose hands the co-employes' liability bill was consigned. This request would never have been made had we not had the most implicit confidence in you. (See page 39, Blue

"I can frankly say to the wage earners of Indiana that they will make no mis-take should they give you their support."

# OPEN HIS JAWS

JOHN KELLY'S JAWS WERE CLOSED LIKE A VISE ON WM. JOHNS'S EAR.

The Stubbs Tactics Repeated-A Free-Silver Assertion at Fort Bragg Started the Trouble.

Two men fighting like two dogs attracted a big crowd of people at the corner of Court and Delaware streets yesterday afternoon. They were John Kelly, an artist, who lives at the corner of Illinois and Ohio streets, and William Jones, a fruit dealer, living at 1641/2 East Market street. As a result of the fight Kelly has a gash under his right eye and Johns is minus the lower

part of his left ear. As near as could be learned the fight started over a political disagreement. It does not appear that the men had been arguing or that Kelly addressed himself particularly to Johns when he made the remark which brought on the fight. Kelly had been drinking pretty freely of "Bowery booze" and was standing in front of the saloon at the south corner of Court and Delaware streets. He was feeling in a good humor with himself and was in an oratorical mood. He thus addressed himself to the air and to anybody who hap-

pened to hear him: "Free silver, refused by the nations of Europe, will open the doors of industry in the United States."
William Johns happened to be nearest him when he gave vent to this flow of feeling and according to Kelly and a bystander he turned upon Kelly and struck him with a cane, at the same time informing him he was a — liar.
From this time on the men went at each

other hammer and tongs. They "mixed" and rolled to the ground together. Kelly must have read up on the Stubbs tactics, for his first effort was to get his teeth upon gathered around to separate the men it was with difficulty that Kelly's hold on Johns's his opponent's ear. When the crowd ear was released. Kelly's jaws had to be pried apart until the ear could be slid out. Patrolman Gunsolus was on duty at the corner of Delaware and Washington streets battery and malicious mayhem. Every nook and corner in the building was searched for Johns, with the exception of a private apartment occupied by a woman. The officers finally knocked on this door and the woman came out, but quickly slammed and woman came out, but quickly slammed and locked the door. She then defied the officer and told him he would have to kill her before he went into that room. Finally one officer stationed himseit at the door and another went for a warrant. The Police Court prosecutor could not be found and Superintendent Colbert was informed

Dr. Courtney dressed the wounds of the two men. The lobe of Johns's left ear was chewed so badly that it was necessary to clip a generous slice to insure that blood poisoning should not set in. The wound oled freely. Kelly's wound was not serious.

#### He was cut under the right eye. DANGER OF DELINQUENCY. Taxpayers Urged to Settle Before the

Rush Is On.

A week from next Monday is the last day for the payment of taxes, and County Treasurer Schmidt is trying to prevent the people from allowing their payments to become delinquent. He now has as many clerks in his office as can work to advanclerks in his office as can work to advan-tage, and there is no delay in making pay-ments such as there will be a few days later when the usual rush begins. All Barlater when the usual rush begins. All Bar-tett law payments must be made before the first Monday in November, and the treasurer has no power to remedy matters after and see what it will do for you.

#### AN INVITATION.

It Gives Us Pleasure to Publish the following Announcement.

All women suffering from any form

of illness peculiar to their sex are re-

quested to communicate promptly with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. All letters are re ceived, opened, read and an swered by women only. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America. This confidence has induced more than 100,000 women to write Mrs. Pinkham for advice during the last few months.

Think what a volume of experience she has to draw from! No physician living ever treated so many cases of female ills, and from this vast experience surely it is more than possible she has gained the very knowledge that will help your case.

She is glad to have you write or call apon her. You will find her a woman full of sympathy, with a great desire to assist those who are sick. If her medicine is not what you need, she will frankly tell you so, and there are nine chances out of ten that she will tell you exactly what to do for relief. She asks nothing in return except your good will, and her advice has relieved thousands.

Surely, any ailing woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer

of assistance. Never in the history of medicine has the demand for one particular remedy for female diseases equalled that attained by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and never in the history of Mrs. Pinkham's wonderful Compound has the demand for it been so great as it is to-day.

that day has passed. If these payments are not made by that time, the holders of he bonds can foreclese and collect the entire amount, including payments not yet due. The courts can do nothing but render judgment when the facts are shown. Mr. Schmidt is anxious to save the people all the trouble he can, and has sent notices to all who owe Barrett law assessments, but the failure to receive this notice will not prevent the foreclosure if the money is not The sending of these notices has been gratuitous on the part of Mr Schmidt, as he is not required to do so.

#### SUBURBAN AFFAIRS.

The three hundred feet of cement sidewalk which Contractor Charles H. Carter's men had laid on Depot street, in Brightwood, was condemned by the sidewalk inspector, Mr. Reinken, Wednesday evening, and yesterday it was torn up. In laying the cement the men had made the grade acto the line stakes instead of the grade stakes, and as the line stakes are not of uniform height the walk presented a sad

appearance. The committee which was appointed by the West Indianapolis School Board to act with it in the establishment of a public library has selected Miss Gertrude Hilligoss, a graduate of the '96 High School class, for librarian. The choice, however, will have to be ratified by the School Board. Two desirable sites were also selected for the library itself; one on the corner of Harding and Morris streets, and the other at the corner of River avenue and Morris street, where the West Indianapolis Repub-lican Club now has its headquarters. This

matter also is subject to the board's action. The tax levy of Maughville was fixed by the Town Board Wednesday evening. It is 11 cents higher than last year.

TO SAVE YOUR DIGESTION Use "Garland" Stoves and Ranges.

## A New Discovery by the Shakers

For more than a hundred years the Mount Lebanon Shakers have studied the cultivation of medicinal plants and sought to extract from them their healing essences. Their labor has not been spent in vain. They have made a discovery that will prove a blessing to mankind. It consists of a cordial that causes immediate relief in cases of indigestion. The importance of this discovery will be apparent when we of the situation. He instructed the men that if they knew Johns was in the room to break the door open. This brought the woman to time and she agreed to send Johns out. He was slated for assault and forms-sick headache, distress after eating, pain and fuliness in the chest after eating, palpitation of the heart, etc., are but symptoms of indestion. To relieve these sufferings has been the study of the Shakers, and they have succeeded. The reason the Shaker Digestive Cordial has such an immediate and salutary effect is that it causes the food eaten to be digested for it is undigested food that causes the distress. The Cordial causes the food to be digested before there is time for it to fer-ment and sour on the stomach. When the food is so digested it gives strength and vigor to the feeble body, makes one feel bright and cheerful, and makes one gain in

> The Digestive Cordial is so prompt in its action that the very first dose will have a perceptibly favorable result. It gives immediate relief.

# Beautiful Dolls



FREE. Five beautiful dolls, lithographed on cardpard, eight inches high. Can be cut out and

it together by the children-no pasting. sach doll has two complete suits. American, French, Spanish, Russian, Chinese, Japanese, German, Swiss, Turkish and Indian costumes. All parts being interchangeable, many combinations can be made, affording endless amusement and instruction. A high-class series of dolls, patented and manufactured for us exclusively and not to be compared with the numerous

cheap paper dolls on the market.

How To Get Them. Cut from five outside wrappers of None Such Minco Meat the head of the girl holding ple send these with ten cents in silver-wrapped In paper—and your full name and address, and we will send the dolls postpaid. Or we will send them free for twenty heads of the girl. Send only the heads to avoid extra postage.

MERRELL-SOULE CO., SYRACUSE, N. Y.